Table 1

## **Examples of Climate-Related Risks and Potential Financial Impacts**

	Туре	Climate-Related Risks <sup>32</sup>	Potential Financial Impacts
		Policy and Legal	
		<ul> <li>Increased pricing of GHG emissions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased operating costs (e.g., higher compliance costs, increased insurance premiums)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Enhanced emissions-reporting obligations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write-offs, asset impairment, and early retirement of existing assets due to policy changes</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>Mandates on and regulation of existing products and services</li><li>Exposure to litigation</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Increased costs and/or reduced demand for products and services resulting from fines and judgments</li> </ul>
A Introduction  B Climate-Related Risks, Opportunities, and Financial Impacts  C Recommendations and Guidance  D Scenario Analysis and Climate-Related Issues	Transition Risks	Technology	
		<ul> <li>Substitution of existing products and services with lower emissions options</li> <li>Unsuccessful investment in new technologies</li> <li>Costs to transition to lower emissions technology</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write-offs and early retirement of existing assets</li> <li>Reduced demand for products and services</li> <li>Research and development (R&amp;D) expenditures in new and alternative technologies</li> <li>Capital investments in technology development</li> <li>Costs to adopt/deploy new practices and processes</li> </ul>
		Market	
		<ul> <li>Changing customer behavior</li> <li>Uncertainty in market signals</li> <li>Increased cost of raw materials</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduced demand for goods and services due to shift in consumer preferences</li> <li>Increased production costs due to changing input prices (e.g., energy, water) and output requirements (e.g., waste treatment)</li> <li>Abrupt and unexpected shifts in energy costs</li> <li>Change in revenue mix and sources, resulting in decreased revenues</li> </ul>
E			<ul> <li>Re-pricing of assets (e.g., fossil fuel reserves, land valuations, securities valuations)</li> </ul>
Key Issues Considered and Areas for Further Work  F Conclusion  Appendices		Reputation	
		<ul> <li>Shifts in consumer preferences</li> <li>Stigmatization of sector</li> <li>Increased stakeholder concern or negative stakeholder feedback</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduced revenue from decreased demand for goods/services</li> <li>Reduced revenue from decreased production capacity (e.g., delayed planning approvals, supply chain interruptions)</li> <li>Reduced revenue from negative impacts on workforce management and planning (e.g., employee attraction and retention)</li> <li>Reduction in capital availability</li> </ul>
		Acute	<ul> <li>Reduced revenue from decreased production capacity (e.g., transport difficulties, supply chain interruptions)</li> <li>Reduced revenue and higher costs from negative impacts on workforce (e.g., health, safety, absenteeism)</li> <li>Write-offs and early retirement of existing assets (e.g., damage</li> </ul>
	lisks	<ul> <li>Increased severity of extreme weather events such as cyclones and floods</li> </ul>	
	Physical Risks	Chronic	to property and assets in "high-risk" locations)
		<ul> <li>Changes in precipitation patterns and extreme variability in weather patterns</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased operating costs (e.g., inadequate water supply for hydroelectric plants or to cool nuclear and fossil fuel plants)</li> <li>Increased capital costs (e.g., damage to facilities)</li> <li>Reduced revenues from lower sales/output</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>Rising mean temperatures</li><li>Rising sea levels</li></ul>	Increased insurance premiums and potential for reduced availability of insurance on assets in "high-risk" locations

<sup>32</sup> The sub-category risks described under each major category are not mutually exclusive, and some overlap exists.

Table 2

## **Examples of Climate-Related Opportunities and Potential Financial Impacts**

	Туре	Climate-Related Opportunities <sup>33</sup>	Potential Financial Impacts
A Introduction  B Climate-Related Risks, Opportunities, and Financial Impacts  C Recommendations and Guidance  D Scenario Analysis and Climate-Related Issues  E Key Issues Considered and Areas for Further Work  F Conclusion  Appendices	Resource Efficiency	<ul> <li>Use of more efficient modes of transport</li> <li>Use of more efficient production and distribution processes</li> <li>Use of recycling</li> <li>Move to more efficient buildings</li> <li>Reduced water usage and consumption</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduced operating costs (e.g., through efficiency gains and cost reductions)</li> <li>Increased production capacity, resulting in increased revenues</li> <li>Increased value of fixed assets (e.g., highly rated energy-efficient buildings)</li> <li>Benefits to workforce management and planning (e.g., improved health and safety, employee satisfaction) resulting in lower costs</li> </ul>
	Energy Source	<ul> <li>Use of lower-emission sources of energy</li> <li>Use of supportive policy incentives</li> <li>Use of new technologies</li> <li>Participation in carbon market</li> <li>Shift toward decentralized energy generation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduced operational costs (e.g., through use of lowest cost abatement)</li> <li>Reduced exposure to future fossil fuel price increases</li> <li>Reduced exposure to GHG emissions and therefore less sensitivity to changes in cost of carbon</li> <li>Returns on investment in low-emission technology</li> <li>Increased capital availability (e.g., as more investors favor lower-emissions producers)</li> <li>Reputational benefits resulting in increased demand for goods/services</li> </ul>
	Products and Services	<ul> <li>Development and/or expansion of low emission goods and services</li> <li>Development of climate adaptation and insurance risk solutions</li> <li>Development of new products or services through R&amp;D and innovation</li> <li>Ability to diversify business activities</li> <li>Shift in consumer preferences</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased revenue through demand for lower emissions products and services</li> <li>Increased revenue through new solutions to adaptation needs (e.g., insurance risk transfer products and services)</li> <li>Better competitive position to reflect shifting consumer preferences, resulting in increased revenues</li> </ul>
	Markets	<ul> <li>Access to new markets</li> <li>Use of public-sector incentives</li> <li>Access to new assets and locations needing insurance coverage</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased revenues through access to new and emerging markets (e.g., partnerships with governments, development banks)</li> <li>Increased diversification of financial assets (e.g., green bonds and infrastructure)</li> </ul>
	Resilience	<ul> <li>Participation in renewable energy programs and adoption of energy-efficiency measures</li> <li>Resource substitutes/diversification</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased market valuation through resilience planning (e.g., infrastructure, land, buildings)</li> <li>Increased reliability of supply chain and ability to operate under various conditions</li> <li>Increased revenue through new products and services related to ensuring resiliency</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> The opportunity categories are not mutually exclusive, and some overlap exists.